

1-8/2

**APPENDIX TO  
DEVICE AND METHOD FOR INSPECTION  
OF BAGGAGE AND OTHER OBJECTS**

```
#define MIN_HI 1
#define MAX_HI 2001
#define HI_INDEX 1

#define MAX_IDX 4000

/* #define TISSUE */ /* Tissue-equivalent epoxy plastic */
#define C4 /* C4 plastic explosive */
/* #define RDX */ /* RDX sheet explosive */
/* #define WG */ /* Water Gel explosive */
/* #define DYN */ /* 40% dynamite stick */

/* new way of determining low */
#define z1 .0247
#define z2 .01492
#define z3 .265
#define z4 112.6
#define z5 25.198
#define z6 .6218
#define z7 .265

/* define substance parameters */

#ifndef WG
#define c1 9.732
#define c2 6.108
#define c5 1.218
#define K0 .547
#define KL .961
#endif

#ifndef RDX
#define c1 9.732
#define c2 6.108
#define c5 1.218
#define K0 .65
#define KL .86
#endif

#ifndef C4
#define c1 9.732
#define c2 6.108
#define c5 1.218
#define K0 .6522
#define KL .87
#endif

#ifndef DYN
#define c1 570.46
#define c2 4.352
#define c5 .304

```

```
#define K0 .522
#define KL .765
#endif

#ifndef TISSUE
#define c1 3798
#define c2 3.8837
#define c5 0.993
#define K0 .655
#define KL .825
#endif

double bh(double km);
double bh(double km)
{
    return(c1*pow((km+c5),c2));
}

double Kref(double Hi,double Km,double k0);
double Kref(double Hi,double Km,double k0)
{
    return (((Hi+bh(Km))*k0*KL)/((bh(Km)*KL)+(Hi*k0)));
}

double alpha(double km);
double alpha(double km)
{
    return((z1+(z2*km)-(z2*z3))/(km*km));
}
double beta(double km);
double beta(double km)
{
    return((z4+((z6-km)*(z5/(z6-z7))))/km);
}

double newlow(double h,double km);
double newlow(double h,double km)
{
    return (h*(1/(km+(alpha(km)*(h/(h+beta(km)))))));
}

double find_Km(double hi,double Kair,double kref);
double find_Km(double hi,double Kair,double kref)
{
    /* find the Km that approximates the desired Kref given high val,k0 */
    int x,bitval;
    double lsbval,approx_kref;
```

```
lsbval = 0.8;
bitval = 0;

for (x=0;x<8;x++)
{
    bitval=(bitval<<1)|1;
    lsbval = lsbval/(double)2.0;

    approx_kref = (Kref(hi,((double).1+((double)bitval*lsbval)),Kair));

    if (approx_kref < kref)
        bitval=bitval&(0xfe) ;

}
return ((double)bitval*lsbval)+.1);

}

double findKm_Low(double hi,double low);
double findKm_Low(double hi,double low)
{
/* find the Km that approximates the desired Low given high val,k0 */
int x,bitval;
double lsbval,approx_low;

lsbval = 0.8;
bitval = 0;

for (x=0;x<8;x++)
{
    bitval=(bitval<<1)|1;
    lsbval = lsbval/(double)2.0;

    approx_low = (Low(hi,((double).1+((double)bitval*lsbval))));

    if (approx_low < low)
        bitval=bitval&(0xfe) ;

}
return ((double)bitval*lsbval)+.1);
}

/* create the histogram */
for (hint = MIN_HI; hint < MAX_HI; hint += HI_INDEX)
{
    h = (double)hint;                      /* Get hi double value */

    /* Set up the header values and the KIdx */
    Hdr[HI_VALUE] = hint;
    KIdx = 0;
```

```
/* Get the hi and lo kref */
hi_kref = Kref(h, 0.29, k0);
lo_kref = Kref(h, 0.8, k0);
k=lo_kref;

lastl = -100.0;
diff1 = 1000.0;
while (k<hi_kref)
{
    km=find_Km(h,k0,k);
    kr=Kref(h,km,k0);
    l=Low(h,km);
    if (((l-lastl)<diff1)&&(km>.29))
        diff1 = l - lastl;

    lastl = l;

    if (h>800.0)
    {
        k=k*1.04;
    } else
        k=1.01*k; /* 1% bins */

}

/* do it again, but use diff1 to find values */
k=lo_kref;
km=find_Km(h,k0,k);
l=Low(h,km);
findl=(int)l;

/* adjust diff1 to a power of 2 */
tdiff1=0;
while ((1 << (tdiff1+1)) <= (int)diff1)
    tdiff1++;

km=findKm_Low(h,(double)findl);
k=Kref(h,km,k0);

/* Save the minimum low and the scale factor */
Hdr[MIN_LO] = findl;
Hdr[LO_SCALE] = tdiff1;

while (k < hi_kref)
{
    km=findKm_Low(h,(double)findl);
    k=Kref(h,km,k0);

    /* Save the necessary information into the values */
    KrefTab[KIdx] = (float)k;
```

```
KIdx++;

/* increment low */
findl += (1 << tdiff1);

/* increment bin count */
bincnt+=1;

}

/* Now we have the table, write out the header then the table */
Hdr[MAX_LO] = findl;
bwritten = write (fhndl, (char *)Hdr, sizeof(int)*4);
if (bwritten != (sizeof(int) * 4))
{
    printf("Error writing file\n");
    return(1);
}

/* Now write out the kref vector */
bwritten = write (fhndl, (char *)KrefTab, sizeof(float)*KIdx);
if (bwritten != (sizeof(float)*KIdx))
{
    printf("Error writing file\n");
    return(1);
}

/* output bin count */
printf("Total Kref bin count :%ld\n",bincnt);
```

```
/*
Detection algorithm for above histogram

*/
/*
* Function:
*     DoBox
*
* Description:
*     Process the box.
*
* Usage:
*     DoBox (x, y)
*
* Inputs:
*     x - int : the x coordinate of the candidate pixel
*     y - int : the y coordinate of the candidate pixel
*
```

```
* Outputs:  
* None  
*/  
  
static void DoBox (int x, int y)  
{  
    int tx, ty;  
    double diffH, diffL, diffK;  
    double kreflo,krefhi,krefavg;  
    /* int tmp; */  
    double mindiff;  
    Pixel *midpxl = &ScanLine[y][x];  
    Pixel *pxl;  
  
    /* Average the values for this pixel */  
    AveragePixel (x, y);  
  
    /* See if we need to do this pixel */  
    if (midpxl->avghia > 2000.0)  
        return;  
  
    /*  
     * Calculate the min difference value (this is calculated by using  
     * twice the expected noise as the difference value).  
     */  
    mindiff = (10000.0/(100.0+midpxl->avghia));  
  
    /* Now loop through the pixels doing the box */  
    for (ty = y - BORDER; ty <= (y + BORDER); ty++)  
    {  
        /* Get the pixel */  
        pxl = &ScanLine[ty][x - BORDER];  
  
        /* Loop through the x */  
        for (tx = x - BORDER; tx <= (x + BORDER); tx++, pxl++)  
        {  
            /* See if we need to look at this pixel (edges are no-nos) */  
            if (pxl->sobel)  
                continue;  
  
            /* Average this sucker */  
            AveragePixel (tx, ty);  
  
            /* Now difference the Hi AIRS */  
            diffH = midpxl->avghia - pxl->avghia;  
  
            /* Now threshold it */  
            if (diffH < mindiff)  
                continue;  
  
            /* Now difference the Lo AIRS */  
            diffL = midpxl->avgloa - pxl->avgloa;
```

```
/* Now threshold it */
if ((diffL < mindiff) || (diffL == 0.0))
    continue;

kreflo=LookupKref(pxl->avghia,pxl->avgloa);
krefhi=LookupKref(midpxl->avghia,midpxl->avgloa);

diffK = diffH/diffL;

/* Key lookup algorithm
 * Histogram generation algorithm has been fit to this ratio
 */

krefavg=(kreflo*.8)+(.2*krefhi);

/* See if we need to histogram this point */
if ((diffK < (krefavg+(MinThreshold)))
    || (diffK >(krefavg+(MaxThreshold))))
    continue;

midpxl->histval++;
}

}

if (maxhit<midpxl->histval)
    maxhit=midpxl->histval;
if(midpxl->histval > fomThresh)
    fom += (midpxl->histval - fomThresh);

if ((midpxl->histval > 0) && (midpxl->histval <200))
    histpix[midpxl->histval]++;

}
```